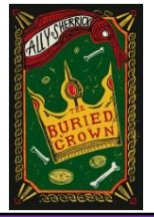
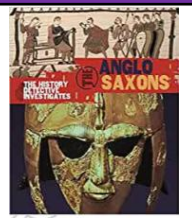
Year 4: What was it like to live in Saxon Britain and how had it changed since Roman occupation?

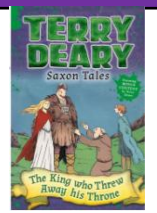
Subject Specific Vocabulary	
Anglo Saxons	The name given to people who travelled from Germany and South Denmark and settled in Britain
Scots	The Scots were people who originally came from Ireland, but settled in Ireland and West Scotland.
Invade	To enter with force
Settle	To move and inhabit a location
Sutton Hoo	Sutton Hoo is the site of two early medieval cemeteries dating from the 6th to 7th centuries near Woodbridge, in Suffolk, England.
Berserkers	An unruly warrior
County	A geographical region of the country
Conflict	An extended struggle, fight or battle
Leadership	The ability of a group or organisation to influence and guide
Lindisfarne	Holy island of the north east coast of England one of the most important and holiest places in Anglo Saxon England
Monastery	A group or community monks living under religious vows
Monk	A member of a religious order who lives in a monastery
Pagan	Worship more than one god and not a follower of one of the main world religions

Books

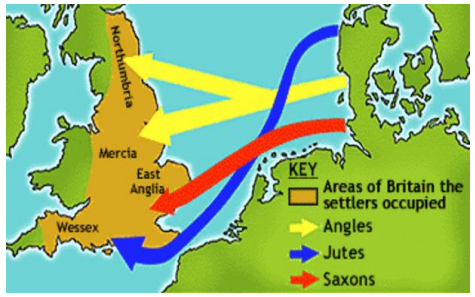








Anglo Saxon Routes and Kingdoms





King Alfred the Great

The most famous Anglo Saxon King was Alfred, one of the only kings in British history to be called 'Great'.



He is famous for:

- Fighting the Vikings and then making peace with them.
- Believing in education. He had books translated from Latin into English, so people could read them.

Sticky knowledge

The Anglo-Saxons were made up of three tribes: the Angles; Saxons; and Jutes

The Scots originally came from Ireland. They invaded the country now known as Scotland

The name 'Angles' eventually became 'English' and their land, 'Angle-land', became 'England'.

For a long time, England was not one country. Anglo-Saxon kings ruled lots of small kingdoms across the land.

The Anglo-Saxons were fierce people who fought many battles, including fighting each other.

The Anglo-Saxon period ended when the Normans conquered Britain in 1066.

